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NEWS	2	AUG 10	Time limit for inactive STN sessions doubles to 40 minutes
NEWS	3	AUG 18	COMPENDEX indexing changed for the Corporate Source (CS) field
NEWS	4	AUG 24	ENCOMPLIT/ENCOMPLIT2 reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	5	AUG 24	CA/CAPLUS enhanced with legal status information for U.S. patents
NEWS	6	SEP 09	50 Millionth Unique Chemical Substance Recorded in CAS REGISTRY
NEWS	7	SEP 11	WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX now include Japanese FTERM thesaurus
NEWS	8	OCT 21	Derwent World Patents Index Coverage of Indian and Taiwanese Content Expanded
NEWS	9	OCT 21	Derwent World Patents Index enhanced with human translated claims for Chinese Applications and Utility Models
NEWS	10	NOV 23	Addition of SCAN format to selected STN databases
NEWS	11	NOV 23	Annual Reload of IFI Databases
NEWS	12	DEC 01	FRFULL Content and Search Enhancements
NEWS	13	DEC 01	DGENE, USGENE, and PCTGEN: new percent identity feature for sorting BLAST answer sets
NEWS	14	DEC 02	Derwent World Patent Index: Japanese FI-TERM thesaurus added
NEWS	15	DEC 02	PCTGEN enhanced with patent family and legal status display data from INPADOCDB
NEWS	16	DEC 02	USGENE: Enhanced coverage of bibliographic and sequence information
NEWS	17	DEC 21	New Indicator Identifies Multiple Basic Patent Records Containing Equivalent Chemical Indexing in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	18	JAN 12	Match STN Content and Features to Your Information Needs, Quickly and Conveniently
NEWS	19	JAN 25	Annual Reload of MEDLINE database
NEWS	20	FEB 16	STN Express Maintenance Release, Version 8.4.2, Is Now Available for Download
NEWS	21	FEB 16	Derwent World Patents Index (DWPI) Revises Indexing of Author Abstracts
NEWS	22	FEB 16	New FASTA Display Formats Added to USGENE and PCTGEN
NEWS	23	FEB 16	INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB Enriched with New Content and Features
NEWS	24	FEB 16	INSPEC Adding Its Own IPC codes and Author's E-mail Addresses

NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 15 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.4.2,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 15 JANUARY 2010.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:48:03 ON 01 MAR 2010

=> file registry

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.22	0.22

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:48:16 ON 01 MAR 2010

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 FEB 2010 HIGHEST RN 1207513-60-7

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 FEB 2010 HIGHEST RN 1207513-60-7

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REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=> s trichloromelamine

L1 1 TRICHLOROMELAMINE

=> d l1

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

RN 7673-09-8 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, N2,N4,N6-trichloro- (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

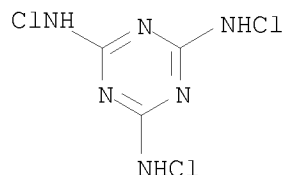
CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, N,N',N''-trichloro- (9CI)

CN Melamine, N2,N4,N6-trichloro- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN N,N',N''-Trichloromelamine

CN NSC 96963
 CN Trichloromelamine
 MF C3 H3 Cl3 N6
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MSDS-OHS,
 PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL, USPATOLD
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

136 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 136 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> file caplus
 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
8.09	8.31

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:48:33 ON 01 MAR 2010
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Mar 2010 VOL 152 ISS 10
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Feb 2010 (20100228/ED)
 REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2009
 USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2009

Cplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate

substance identification.

=> s l1 and ad<20010720

136 L1

4113665 AD<20010720

(AD<20010720)

L2 46 L1 AND AD<20010720

=> dup rem l2

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L3 46 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l3 and poultry

L4 46 S L3

35928 POULTRY

47 POULTRIES

35953 POULTRY

(POULTRY OR POULTRIES)

L5 0 L4 AND POULTRY

=> s l5 and darkling

50 DARKLING

L6 0 L5 AND DARKLING

=> d l3 1-46 ibib abs

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:34276 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:114474

TITLE: Complete inactivation of infectious proteins

INVENTOR(S): Prusiner, Stanley B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Regents of the University of California, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
Ser. No. 735,454.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 14

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20060008494	A1	20060112	US 2005-157488	20050620
US 5891641	A	19990406	US 1997-804536	19970221 <--
EP 1416281	A2	20040506	EP 2004-945	19980220 <--
EP 1416281	A3	20040519		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
US 6221614	B1	20010424	US 1999-235372	19990120 <--
US 6214366	B1	20010410	US 1999-322903	19990601 <--
US 6419916	B1	20020716	US 1999-406972	19990928 <--
US 6331296	B1	20011218	US 1999-447456	19991122 <--
US 6322802	B1	20011127	US 2000-494814	20000131 <--
US 20010001061	A1	20010510	US 2000-731419	20001205 <--
AU 764888	B2	20030904	AU 2001-16671	20010125 <--
US 20020041859	A1	20020411	US 2001-904178	20010711 <--
US 6719988	B2	20040413		
US 20030004312	A1	20030102	US 2002-56222	20020122
US 6720355	B2	20040413		
US 20040127559	A1	20040701	US 2003-735454	20031212
US 7226609	B2	20070605		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-804536	A2 19970221

US 1998-26957	B2 19980220
US 1998-151057	B2 19980910
US 1999-235372	A2 19990120
US 1999-322903	A2 19990601
US 1999-406972	A2 19990928
US 1999-447456	A2 19991122
US 2000-494814	A2 20000131
US 2000-699284	B2 20001026
US 2001-904178	A2 20010711
US 2002-56222	A1 20020122
US 2003-735454	A2 20031212
US 2004-581921P	P 20040621
US 2004-618115P	P 20041012
AU 1998-61688	A3 19980220
EP 1998-906471	A3 19980220

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A formulation comprises an aqueous or alc. solvent having therein (1) a detergent such as SDS; (2) a weak acid such as acetic acid; and (3) a chemical modification reagent such as hydrogen peroxide. The formulation can be modified to substitute other detergents for the SDS, other acids for the acetic acid and other oxidants for the peroxide provided the substitute results in a total formulation which completely inactivates the infectivity of infectious proteins such as prions in a relatively short period of time (e.g. <2 h) and under relatively mild temps. (e.g., ≤60°).

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (19 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:698870 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:271914

TITLE: Method for preparing 8-chloroadenosine 3',5'-cyclic monophosphate or salt thereof

INVENTOR(S): Cho, Seong Min; Kim, Maeng Seop

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kolon Ind. Inc., S. Korea

SOURCE: Repub. Korean Kongkae Taeho Kongbo, No pp. given
CODEN: KRXXA7

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Korean

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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KR 2001002150	A	20010105	KR 1999-21800	19990611 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			KR 1999-21800	19990611

AB A method for preparing 8-chloroadenosine 3',5'-cyclic monophosphate (I) or its salt is provided, which produces a high purity compound at high yields, compared with conventional methods. The method for preparing the title compound I or its sodium, potassium, or lithium salt is characterized by comprising the steps of reacting adenosine 3',5'-cyclic monophosphate with a chlorinated reagent in the presence of one or more solvents selected from the group consisting of N,N-dimethylformamide, dichloromethane, chloroform, and carbon tetrachloride. The chlorinated reagent is selected from the group consisting of N-chlorotriethylammonium chloride, N-chlorotriethylammonium acetate, N-chloropiperidine, tetrabutylammonium tetrachloroiodate(III), trichloroisocyanuric acid, and trichloromelamine.

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:401742 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:22123

TITLE: Solid water treatment composition and methods of

preparation and use
 INVENTOR(S): Rakestraw, Lawrence F.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Stellar Technology Company, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000034186	A1	20000615	WO 1999-US27861	19991123 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 6447722	B1	20020910	US 1998-205168	19981204 <--
CA 2353478	A1	20000615	CA 1999-2353478	19991123 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-205168	A 19981204
			WO 1999-US27861	W 19991123

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The present invention relates generally to novel water treatment compns. and methods of preparation and use. More particularly, the invention relates to solid water treatment compns. containing at least one halogen source and at least one amine compound. Methods of preparing solid water treatment compns. and methods for controlling biofouling, disinfecting, cleaning and water systems are also provided.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (19 CITINGS)
 REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:116863 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:156891
 TITLE: Dental impressions comprising silicone elastomers and biocides
 INVENTOR(S): Pusineri, Christian; Del Torto, Marco
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhodia Chimie, Fr.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000007546	A1	20000217	WO 1999-FR1885	19990730 <--
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

FR 2781808	A1	20000204	FR 1998-10023	19980731 <--
FR 2781808	B1	20001020		
CA 2338154	A1	20000217	CA 1999-2338154	19990730 <--
CA 2338154	C	20061128		
AU 9950466	A	20000228	AU 1999-50466	19990730 <--
AU 773282	B2	20040520		
EP 1115364	A1	20010718	EP 1999-934817	19990730 <--
EP 1115364	B1	20041208		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
BR 9912869	A	20011009	BR 1999-12869	19990730 <--
JP 2002522361	T	20020723	JP 2000-563232	19990730 <--
JP 3713204	B2	20051109		
CN 1160045	C	20040804	CN 1999-810015	19990730 <--
AT 284197	T	20041215	AT 1999-934817	19990730 <--
ES 2229741	T3	20050416	ES 1999-934817	19990730 <--
US 6559199	B1	20030506	US 2001-744882	20010430 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1998-10023	A 19980731
			WO 1999-FR1885	W 19990730

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB An elastomer system having biocide properties and useful, in particular, for impression, for example, dental impressions are disclosed. The invention aims at providing an efficient system for destroying microbes, without adversely affecting the crosslinking properties and the mech. qualities of RTV 2 elastomers. Said system comprises an RTV 2 silicone, preferably SiH/SiVi polyaddn. product and a biocide selected among active chlorine precursors, preferably among N-chloramines. The system may include functional additives (silicone fillers, alumina, paraffin, vaseline oil). As for the biocide, it can be provided with an adjuvant using antiseptic quaternary ammonium, even with EDTA-type complexing agents. The invention is useful for impressions in dentistry. Preparation of a dental impression comprising vinyl-containing polydimethylsiloxane, aluminum silicate, hydrated alumina, vaseline oil, paraffin, platinum catalyst, and calbenium is disclosed.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:915360 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:8993
TITLE: Electrochemical cell having a solid state electrolyte
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E.C.R. - Electro-Chemical Research Ltd., Israel
SOURCE: Israeli, 54 pp.
CODEN: ISXXAQ
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
IL 117233	A	20000629	IL 1996-117233	19960222 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IL 1996-117233	19960222

AB A battery comprises an anode, a cathode, and a solid state electrolyte between, and in contact with, the anode and cathode, wherein: (a) the anode includes a material which includes a metal whose cation can assume at least two different non-zero oxidation nos.; (b) the cathode includes a compound which forms an electrochem. battery couple with the above anode; and (c) the electrolyte includes a solid in which protons are mobile.

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:854397 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:364039
TITLE: Biodegradable antibacterial cleaning compositions for air conditioners
INVENTOR(S): He, Xuemin; Ning, Ling; Wang, Chuanhao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Jiahua Associated Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 14 pp.
CODEN: CNXXEV
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Chinese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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CN 1248616	A	20000329	CN 1999-116918	19990927 <--
CN 1077914	C	20020116		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 1999-116918 19990927

AB The cleaning composition comprises (A) 100 parts mixture of 0.01-15% surfactant containing ≥ 1 sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate, sodium alc. ether sulfate, metal salts of SO₃--, SO₄-- COO--containing surfactant, poly(ethylene glycol) alkyl ether, and poly(ethylene glycol) nonylphenol ether, 0.025-90% disinfectant containing ≥ 1 aldehydes, alcs., Cl-containing compds., and chlorhexidines., 5-90% solvent, and balanced water, and (B) 10-70 parts aerosol spray agents such as LPG gas. Thus, 8 parts mixture of poly(ethylene glycol) nonylphenol ether 1, H₂O 38.2, isopropanol 60, trichlorodihydroxydiphenyl ether 0.5 and perfume 0.3 kg was mixed with 2 parts LPG to give a detergent showing good detergency and antibacterial properties.

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:464360 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:122975
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:25199a, 25202a
TITLE: Salts of perfluorinated sulfonamides or sulfinamides and their use as ionic conductors and as catalysts
INVENTOR(S): Armand, Michel; Choquette, Yves; Gauthier, Michel; Michot, Christophe
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS), Fr.; Hydro-Quebec
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 65 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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EP 850920	A2	19980701	EP 1997-403187	19971230 <--
EP 850920	A3	19980708		
EP 850920	B1	20020911		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
CA 2194127	A1	19980630	CA 1996-2194127	19961230 <--
CA 2199231	A1	19980905	CA 1997-2199231	19970305 <--
CA 2244979	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2244979	19971230 <--
CA 2244979	C	20080506		
CA 2248242	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2248242	19971230 <--
CA 2248244	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2248244	19971230 <--
CA 2248246	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2248246	19971230 <--

CA 2248246	C	20100209		
CA 2248303	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2248303	19971230 <--
CA 2248304	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2248304	19971230 <--
CA 2248304	C	20071113		
CA 2683826	A1	19980709	CA 1997-2683826	19971230 <--
WO 9829358	A2	19980709	WO 1997-CA1008	19971230 <--
WO 9829358	A3	19981008		
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
WO 9829399	A1	19980709	WO 1997-CA1009	19971230 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
WO 9829389	A1	19980709	WO 1997-CA1010	19971230 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
WO 9829396	A1	19980709	WO 1997-CA1011	19971230 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
WO 9829877	A1	19980709	WO 1997-CA1012	19971230 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
WO 9829388	A1	19980709	WO 1997-CA1013	19971230 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
EP 889863	A2	19990113	EP 1997-951051	19971230 <--
EP 889863	B1	20030507		
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
EP 890176	A1	19990113	EP 1997-951052	19971230 <--
EP 890176	B1	20010620		
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JP 2000508114	T	20000627	JP 1998-529517	19971230 <--
JP 4361137	B2	20091111		
JP 2000508346	T	20000704	JP 1998-529516	19971230 <--
JP 2000508676	T	20000711	JP 1998-529514	19971230 <--
JP 4124487	B2	20080723		
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JP 2002514245	T	20020514	JP 1998-529513	19971230 <--
JP 4070244	B2	20080402		
US 6120696	A	20000919	US 1998-125792	19980828 <--
US 6171522	B1	20010109	US 1998-101811	19981119 <--
US 6333425	B1	20011225	US 1998-101810	19981119 <--
US 6228942	B1	20010508	US 1998-125798	19981202 <--
US 6395367	B1	20020528	US 1998-125799	19981202 <--
US 6319428	B1	20011120	US 1998-125797	19981203 <--
US 6365068	B1	20020402	US 2000-609362	20000630 <--
US 6576159	B1	20030610	US 2000-638793	20000809 <--
US 20010024749	A1	20010927	US 2001-826941	20010406 <--
US 6506517	B2	20030114		
US 20020009650	A1	20020124	US 2001-858439	20010516 <--
US 20020102380	A1	20020801	US 2002-107742	20020327
US 6835495	B2	20041228		
US 20030052310	A1	20030320	US 2002-253035	20020924
US 20030066988	A1	20030410	US 2002-253970	20020924
US 20050074668	A1	20050407	US 2004-789453	20040227
US 20050123831	A1	20050609	US 2004-926283	20040825
JP 2008007781	A	20080117	JP 2007-193021	20070725
JP 2009004374	A	20090108	JP 2008-143090	20080530
JP 2009149656	A	20090709	JP 2009-10733	20090121
JP 2009242401	A	20091022	JP 2009-120239	20090518
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CA 1996-2194127	A 19961230
			CA 1997-2199231	A 19970305
			CA 1997-2248246	A3 19971230
			JP 1998-529513	A3 19971230
			JP 1998-529516	A3 19971230
			JP 1998-529517	A3 19971230

JP 1998-529518	A3 19971230
WO 1997-CA1008	W 19971230
WO 1997-CA1009	W 19971230
WO 1997-CA1010	W 19971230
WO 1997-CA1011	W 19971230
WO 1997-CA1012	W 19971230
WO 1997-CA1013	W 19971230
US 1998-101810	A3 19981119
US 1998-101811	A3 19981119
US 1998-125798	A3 19981202
US 1998-125799	A3 19981202
US 1998-125797	A1 19981203
US 2000-638793	A1 20000809
US 2001-858439	A1 20010516
US 2002-107742	A1 20020327

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:122975

AB The salts comprise a cation and R1SOxN-Z in amts. to balance the pos. and neg. charges, where R1 is halo, perhaloalkyl (optionally interrupted by O, S, or NH) or -alkaryl, R2CF2, R2CF2CF2, R2CF2CF(CF3), or CF3CFR2; R2 is an organic radical which is not perhalogenated; Z is an electron-withdrawing group, which may be the residue of a polymer or may be a polyvalent group attached to other N-SOxR1 moieties; and x = 1 or 2. Thus, a mixture of 40 mmol acrylonitrile and 60 mmol 4-CH2:CHC6H4SO2N-SO2CF3 Li+ was copolymd. in 82% yield by use of 1,1'-azobis(cyclohexanecarbonitrile) in THF, and the copolymer was used at 20% concentration as a binder in both the carbon anode

and the carbon-LiNiO2 cathode of a battery containing a gelled electrolyte.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (30 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:650222 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:298121

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:58171a,58174a

TITLE: Medical waste solidifier and microbicidal compositions

INVENTOR(S): Lewandowski, Jan J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Viatro, Corp., USA; Lewandowski, Jan J.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	---	-----	-----	-----
WO 9734476	A1	19970925	WO 1997-US4243	19970320 <--
W: AU, BR, CA, JP, MX, SG, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
AU 9722151	A	19971010	AU 1997-22151	19970320 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-13987P	P 19960322
			WO 1997-US4243	W 19970320

AB A waste solidifier and disinfecting compns. are disclosed to solidify liquid medical waste and to reduce the number of infectious organisms . The compns. comprise a solidifying agent, a microbicidal agent and may include an agent to enhance the release of bioactive elements into the medical waste material. When applied to liquid medical waste, the solidifying agent solidifies the waste while the microbicidal agent simultaneously reduces the number of infectious organisms within same.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:594500 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:194441
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:37633a,37636a
TITLE: Cement compositions for oil and gas wells with
controlled cement set time
INVENTOR(S): Dilllenbeck, Robert Lee, III
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp., Division of U. S. Ser. No. 458,826.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	---	-----	-----	-----
US 5658380	A	19970819	US 1996-600817	19960213 <--
CA 2183489	A1	19980217	CA 1996-2183489	19960816 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-458826	A3 19950602

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The compns. consist of: hydraulic cement, an organic cement hydration
retarder, an oxidative additive for gradually destroying the retarder, and
water.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:745868 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:35880
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 128:7063a,7066a
TITLE: Manufacture of rubber laminates as vibration dampers
INVENTOR(S): Sueyasu, Tomomasa; Takada, Akira; Ogiwara, Hidetoshi;
Hamanaka, Takeshi; Fukahori, Yoshihide
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bridgestone Corp., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	---	-----	-----	-----
JP 09295372	A	19971118	JP 1996-141720	19960604 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-215388	A 19950731
			JP 1995-354197	A 19951228
			JP 1996-51714	A 19960308

AB Title laminates are prepared by puffing or treating viscoelastic soft plate
surfaces with halogens, acids, low-pressure plasma, elec. corona
discharge, and/or UV radiation, followed by laminating the treating
surfaces with stiff plates through adhesives. Alternatedly laminating 16
pieces of trichloroisocyanuramide-treated rubber plates and 15 pieces of
bisphenol A epoxy resin/polyamide-coated and blasted steel plates and hot
pressing gave a laminate showing production rate of 30 min and shear strain
530% (80-kg/cm2-load, 22 cm/min).

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(2 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:644464 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:13050
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:2645a,2648a
 TITLE: Electrophotographic migration imaging member
 INVENTOR(S): Malhotra, Shadi L.; Chen, Liqin; Perron, Marie-Eve
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xerox Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 144 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
-----	---	-----	-----	-----	
US 5563014	A	19961008	US 1995-442227	19950515	<--
CA 2170298	A1	19961116	CA 1996-2170298	19960226	<--
CA 2170298	C	20011002			
JP 08314241	A	19961129	JP 1996-113457	19960508	<--
BR 9602246	A	19980113	BR 1996-2246	19960514	<--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-442227	A	19950515

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:13050

AB Disclosed is a migration imaging member comprising (a) a substrate, (b) a softenable layer comprising a softenable material and a photosensitive migration marking material, and (c) a transparentizing agent which transparentizes the migration marking material in contact therewith contained in at least one layer of the migration imaging member. Also disclosed is a process which comprises (1) providing a migration imaging member comprising (a) a substrate, (b) a softenable layer comprising a softenable material and a photosensitive migration marking material, and (c) a transparentizing agent which transparentizes the migration marking material in contact therewith contained in at least one layer of the migration imaging member, (2) uniformly charging the imaging member, (3) exposing the charged imaging member to an activating radiation at a wavelength to which the migration marking material is sensitive, and (4) causing the softenable material to soften and enabling a first portion of the migration marking material to migrate through the softenable material toward the substrate in an imagewise pattern while a second portion of the migration marking material remains substantially unmigrated within the softenable layer, wherein subsequent to migration of the first portion of migration marking material, either (a) the first portion of migration marking material contacts the transparentizing agent and the second portion of migration marking material does not contact the transparentizing agent or (b) the second portion of migration marking material contacts the transparentizing agent and the first portion of migration marking material does not contact the transparentizing agent.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:333008 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:127644
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:23669a,23672a
 TITLE: Method for obtaining improved image contrast in migration imaging members
 INVENTOR(S): Limburg, William W.; Mammino, Joseph; Liebermann, George; Griffiths, Clifford H.; Shahin, Michael M.; Malhotra, Shadi L.; Chen, Liqin; Perron, Marie-Eve

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xerox Corp., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 147 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5514505	A	19960507	US 1995-441360	19950515 <--
CA 2169980	A1	19961116	CA 1996-2169980	19960221 <--
CA 2169980	C	20010424		
JP 08314240	A	19961129	JP 1996-113456	19960508 <--
EP 743573	A2	19961120	EP 1996-303359	19960514 <--
EP 743573	A3	19970305		
EP 743573	B1	20000906		

R: DE, FR, GB

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-441360 A 19950515

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 125:127644

AB Disclosed is a process which comprises (a) providing a migration imaging member comprising (1) a substrate and (2) a softenable layer comprising a softenable material and a photosensitive migration marking material present in the softenable layer as a monolayer of particles situated at or near the surface of the softenable layer spaced from the substrate, (b) uniformly charging the imaging member, (c) imagewise exposing the charged imaging member to activating radiation at a wavelength to which the migration marking material is sensitive, (d) causing the softenable material to soften and enabling a first portion of the migration marking material to migrate through the softenable material toward the substrate in an imagewise pattern while a second portion of the migration marking material remains substantially unmigrated within the softenable layer, and (e) contacting the second portion of the migration marking material with a transparentizing agent which transparentizes the migration marking material.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (12 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:751486 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:20420

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:4191a,4194a

TITLE: Passive lavatory cleanser dispensing system

INVENTOR(S): Goelz, John F.; Klinkhammer, Michael E.; Wefler, Mark E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): S. C. Johnson & Son, Inc., USA

SOURCE: Can. Pat. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CA 2163596	A1	19960904	CA 1995-2163596	19951123 <--
CA 2163596	C	20001107		
WO 9627714	A1	19960912	WO 1996-US2403	19960223 <--

W: AU, BR, CN, CZ, HU, JP, KR, MX, NZ, PL, RU, SK, TR, UA

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
 HU 9801393 A2 19980928 HU 1998-1393 19960223 <--
 HU 9801393 A3 19981130
 JP 11501093 T 19990126 JP 1996-526889 19960223 <--
 JP 3790271 B2 20060628

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1995-398040 A 19950303
 WO 1996-US2403 W 19960223

AB Dispensing systems, such as toilet bowl/tank cleaning systems, comprise
 (a) reusable dispenser capable of generating a sufficient turbulence from
 water to dilute or solubilize the cleanser, and (b) cleanser that does not
 contain the hydrophobic/water-insol. material in conventional blocks.
 These dispensers dispense and deliver a conserved amount of lavatory
 cleanser, into the liquid containing tank by controlling the rate at which
 water

enters the dispenser. This system also relates to a controlled solubility
 lavatory cleanser for use with the dispenser. Diagrams are shown of the
 dispenser apparatus

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (4 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 14 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:315656 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:352181

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 124:65217a,65220a

TITLE: Disinfection of swimming pool waters with chlorine and
 excess chlorine removal by hydrogen peroxide

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dipl.Ing. Thonhauser Ges.m.b.H., Austria

SOURCE: Austrian, 3 pp.

CODEN: AUXXAK

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
AT 400707	B	19960325	AT 1994-79	19940117 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			AT 1994-79	19940117

AB Swimming pool waters are disinfected by first filtering to remove coarse
 solids and then treating at 7.1-7.3 with a chlorine source to an active
 chlorine concentration of .apprx.3 ppm and finally removing the excess chlorine
 with hydrogen peroxide. Suitable chlorine sources include sodium
 hypochlorite, calcium hypochlorite, chlorinated trisodium phosphate,
 chlorine dioxide, sodium-p-toluenesulfochloramide,
 p-toluenesulfone-sulfochloramide, N-chlorosuccinimide,
 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin, trichloro-isocyanuric acid and its
 salts, dichloro-isocyanuric acid and its salts, trichloromelamine,, or
 dichloroglycoluril.

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:735369 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:143927

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:25645a,25648a

TITLE: Process and catalysts for preparing isocyanate or
 carbamate derivatives of (halo)amino compounds by
 carbonylation

INVENTOR(S): Forgione, Peter S.; Gupta, Ram B.; Flood, Lawrence A.;
 Valentine, Donald H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cytec Technology Corp., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 649842	A1	19950426	EP 1994-116269	19941014 <--
EP 649842	B1	19980603		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 6197957	B1	20010306	US 1993-138581	19931015 <--
JP 07188194	A	19950725	JP 1994-271699	19941011 <--
JP 4039702	B2	20080130		
CA 2118073	A1	19950416	CA 1994-2118073	19941013 <--
NO 9403908	A	19950418	NO 1994-3908	19941014 <--
AU 9475836	A	19950504	AU 1994-75836	19941014 <--
AU 678851	B2	19970612		
BR 9404093	A	19950613	BR 1994-4093	19941014 <--
AT 166871	T	19980615	AT 1994-116269	19941014 <--
ES 2117185	T3	19980801	ES 1994-116269	19941014 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1993-138581 A 19931015

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:143927; MARPAT 123:143927

AB Carbonylated derivs. of amino- and haloamino-1,3,5-triazines (e.g., melamine, benzoguanamine, etc.) are prepared by contacting the 1,3,5-triazine, CO, and a metal catalyst system containing a metal promoter (e.g., Cu, Pd, Pt, Ru, etc.), at a temperature and length of time sufficient to carbonylate a portion of the amino and/or haloamine groups of the 1,3,5-triazine, producing an isocyanate. A carbamate derivative (e.g., N-butoxycarbonylamino-1,3,5-triazine) can produced by conducting the reaction in the presence of a hydroxy compound [e.g., an alc. (e.g., BuOH), a phenol, etc.], or by post-reacting the isocyanate product with the hydroxy compound. The carbamate derivs. are useful as crosslinking agents (no data) which do not release HCHO during resin cure (no data).

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(4 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:746112 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:116318

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:20665a,20668a

TITLE: Controlled release of halogen-containing sanitizing agent from lavatory cleaning block

INVENTOR(S): Dolan, Richard; Riccobono, Paul

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Block Drug Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9426863	A1	19941124	WO 1994-US5183	19940510 <--
W: AU, BR, CA, JP, KR, NZ				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5578559	A	19961126	US 1993-62118	19930514 <--
CA 2161411	A1	19941124	CA 1994-2161411	19940510 <--
CA 2161411	C	20000418		
AU 9467866	A	19941212	AU 1994-67866	19940510 <--
AU 692158	B2	19980604		
BR 9406703	A	19960227	BR 1994-6703	19940510 <--

EP 698080 A1 19960228 EP 1994-916065 19940510 <--
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1993-62118 A 19930514
 WO 1994-US5183 W 19940510

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A toilet cleaning block comprising 50-80% halogen-containing sanitizing agent (e.g., 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin), 20-40% bulking agent [e.g., Al(OH)3], and 1-20% dissoln. rate regulator (e.g., NaCl) releases the sanitizing agent at a substantially constant rate during use (e.g., for .apprx.120 days) and dissolves completely.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (11 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:409425 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:9425

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 121:1997a,2000a

TITLE: Process for preparing amide derivatives from haloaminotriazines and acid halides

INVENTOR(S): Gupta, Ram B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 22 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 793,077, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5288865	A	19940222	US 1992-968871	19921030 <--
CA 2082880	A1	19930516	CA 1992-2082880	19921113 <--
NO 9204394	A	19930518	NO 1992-4394	19921113 <--
NO 301711	B1	19971201		
AU 9228361	A	19930520	AU 1992-28361	19921113 <--
AU 655688	B2	19950105		
EP 565774	A2	19931020	EP 1992-119485	19921113 <--
EP 565774	A3	19940817		
EP 565774	B1	20010328		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 930303	A2	19990721	EP 1999-101493	19921113 <--
EP 930303	A3	19990728		
EP 930303	B1	20040204		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
EP 933371	A1	19990804	EP 1999-101466	19921113 <--
EP 933371	B1	20030409		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
EP 933369	A1	19990804	EP 1999-101495	19921113 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
EP 933370	A1	19990804	EP 1999-101496	19921113 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
AT 200078	T	20010415	AT 1992-119485	19921113 <--
AT 236889	T	20030415	AT 1999-101466	19921113 <--
AT 258925	T	20040215	AT 1999-101493	19921113 <--
ES 2215338	T3	20041001	ES 1999-101493	19921113 <--
BR 9204416	A	19930720	BR 1992-4416	19921116 <--
JP 05239038	A	19930917	JP 1992-330050	19921116 <--
JP 3435654	B2	20030811		
US 5405959	A	19950411	US 1993-150679	19931110 <--

US 5571915	A	19961105	US 1995-398256	19950303 <--
US 5496944	A	19960305	US 1995-469720	19950606 <--
US 6107369	A	20000822	US 1995-469726	19950606 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-793077	B2 19911115
			US 1992-968871	A 19921030
			US 1992-973676	B1 19921109
			EP 1992-119485	A3 19921113
			US 1993-1697	A3 19930107
			US 1993-150679	A3 19931110

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 121:9425

AB This invention provides a process for preparing amide derivs. of acids by the reaction of haloaminotriazines and acid halides. This invention also provides a process for preparing isocyanates and isocyanate adducts from amide derivs. derived from haloaminotriazines and acid halides such as oxalyl chloride, phosgene and phosgene analogs. Melamine derived acid amides are prepared by reaction of trichloro and hexachloromelamines with chloroformates and acid chlorides. The byproduct chlorine may be recycled in this process. Amides, carbamates, sulfoamides, phosphoramides, and related amide derivs. may be prepared by the novel processes of the invention. Thus, reaction of hexachloromelamine with Me chloroformate in the presence of polydimethylaminopyridine at 70° for 6h gave 80% triazine trismethylcarbamate.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (12 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 18 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:560998 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:160998

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:28885a,28888a

TITLE: A process for preparing a triazine tris-lactam crosslinking agent and curable compositions containing the same

INVENTOR(S): Gupta, Ram B.; Lees, Robert G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

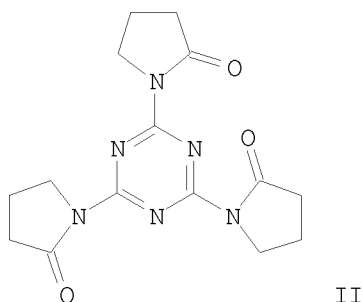
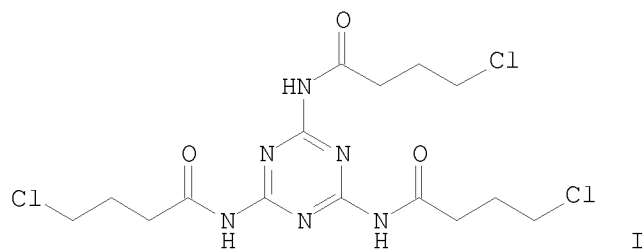
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
WO 9310117	A1	19930527	WO 1992-US9481	19921113 <--
W: JP, NO				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE				
EP 570563	A1	19931124	EP 1992-925071	19921113 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE				
JP 06504793	T	19940602	JP 1992-509306	19921113 <--
US 6153672	A	20001128	US 1993-1697	19930107 <--
NO 9302553	A	19930902	NO 1993-2553	19930714 <--
US 5496944	A	19960305	US 1995-469720	19950606 <--
US 6107369	A	20000822	US 1995-469726	19950606 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-793077	A 19911115
			US 1992-973676	A 19921109
			WO 1992-US9481	W 19921113
			US 1993-1697	A3 19930107

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 119:160998

GI



AB The title process comprises the treatment of N,N',N''-tris(4-halobutyl)melamine with a base to produce the title compds. Curable compns. containing 2,4,6-tris(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)triazine (I), a polyfunctional active hydrogen-containing material and a curing catalyst are claimed. Powder coating materials containing said crosslinking agent are claimed. Curable compns. contain acrylic resins, polyester resins, polyurethanes, polyols, epoxy resin amine condensation products, etc. Condensation of N,N',N''-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamine (trichloromelamine) with 4-chlorobutyl chloride gave N,N',N''-tris(4-chlorobutyl)-1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine (II). Cyclocondensation reaction of II gave I. A curable powder coating composition contained I, Cargill 3000 polyester resin, benzoin, R-960 pigment, and Resinflow P-67 flow control agent.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 19 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:469547 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:69547

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 121:12297a,12300a

TITLE: Photosetting resist composition for manufacture of printed circuit board

INVENTOR(S): Kikuchi, Hiroshi; Watanabe, Makio; Imabayashi, Shinichiro; Yano, Reiko; Tanaka, Isamu; Oka, Hitoshi; Taniguchi, Yukihiro; Fujita, Shigeru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 24 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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US 5268255 A 19931207 US 1991-767893 19910930 <--
 JP 04136857 A 19920511 JP 1990-256895 19900928 <--
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1990-256895 A 19900928
 ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
 AB A printed circuit board is manufactured using a photosetting resist composition
 comprising a polyfunctional unsatd. compound which is solid at room
 temperature, a
 polyfunctional unsatd. compound which is liquid at room temperature, a
 photopolymn.
 initiator, an epoxy resin, and at least one member selected from the group
 consisting of: (1) a curing agent for the epoxy resin and either melamine
 or the derivative thereof and (2) a compound having a 2,4-diamino-s-triazine
 ring and an imidazole ring in the mol.
 OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (1 CITINGS)
 REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:165193 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:165193
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:29169a,29172a
 TITLE: Amide derivatives from haloaminotriazines and acid
 halides
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05239038	A	19930917	JP 1992-330050	19921116 <--
JP 3435654	B2	20030811		
US 5288865	A	19940222	US 1992-968871	19921030 <--
US 5496944	A	19960305	US 1995-469720	19950606 <--
US 6107369	A	20000822	US 1995-469726	19950606 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-793077	A 19911115
			US 1992-968871	A 19921030
			US 1992-973676	B1 19921109
			US 1993-1697	A3 19930107

AB Amide derivs. for the manufacture of isocyanates and isocyanate adducts are
 prepared by the reaction of haloaminotriazines with acid halides such as
 oxalyl chloride, COCl₂, and similar compds. Thus, hexachloromelamine
 3.33, ClCO₂Me 23.6, and polydimethylaminopyridine 0.2 g were heated 6 h at
 70° under Ar to prepare triazine tris(Me carbamate).

L3 ANSWER 21 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:151054 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:151054
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:26349a,26352a
 TITLE: Compact printed circuit boards and fabrication thereof
 INVENTOR(S): Hamaoka, Nobuo; Fujita, Shigeru; Taniguchi, Yukihiro;
 Furukawa, Masahiro; Kadoya, Akyoshi; Sato, Ryoza;
 Ihara, Matsutoshi; Matsuzaki, Naoya; Kikuchi, Hiroshi;
 Et, Al.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Ltd, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
JP 05198909	A	19930806	JP 1992-9791	19920123 <--
JP 2778323	B2	19980723		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1992-9791 19920123

AB Title fabrication employs (1) a liquid etchant-resisting metal plated sublayer for a Cu film which is plated in its through-holes and (2) an elec.-deposition etching resist. The fabrication improves the reliability of the through-hole conductive layer in preparation of a highly-compact and high-resolution precision circuit pattern.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(2 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 22 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:523027 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:123027

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 121:21957a,21960a

TITLE: Photo-curing resist compositions, and manufacture of printed circuit boards therewith and printed circuit boards

INVENTOR(S): Imabayashi, Shinichiro; Kikuchi, Hiroshi; Watabe, Makio; Tanaka, Isamu; Yano, Reiko; Oka, Hitoshi; Taniguchi, Yukihiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
JP 05194686	A	19930803	JP 1992-9790	19920123 <--
			JP 1992-9790	19920123

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1992-9790 19920123

AB The composition contains multiple radical unsatd. compd(s). solid at the room temperature, photo-polymerization initiator(s), hardener(s) for epoxy resin, and melamine or its deriv, or dicyandiamide.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 23 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:502697 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:102697

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:18337a,18340a

TITLE: Deodorization of sludge from sewage treatment

INVENTOR(S): Ono, Akito; Sudo, Satsuki; Kawamura, Shizuo; Iwabuchi, Koichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ebara-Infilco Co., Ltd., Japan; Ebara Sogo Kenkyusho K. K.; K. I. Kasei K. K.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05023698	A	19930202	JP 1991-201200	19910717 <--
JP 06296669	A	19941025	JP 1994-33272	19940207 <--
JP 2796932	B2	19980910		
JP 06296668	A	19941025	JP 1994-33273	19940207 <--
JP 2567344	B2	19961225		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1991-201200 19910717

AB The wastewater treatment sludge is deodorized by adding an organic compound such as dithiocarboxy amide derivs., thiuram sulfide derivs., thiocyanate derivs., isothiocyanate derivs., pyridine derivs., quinoline derivs., triazine derivs., isocyanuric acid derivs., and halogen carbonyls derivs.

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:9124 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:9124

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:2001a,2004a

TITLE: Process for preparing amide derivatives from haloamines and acid halides

INVENTOR(S): Gupta, Ram B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 541966	A2	19930519	EP 1992-117375	19921012 <--
EP 541966	A3	19940907		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5496944	A	19960305	US 1995-469720	19950606 <--
US 6107369	A	20000822	US 1995-469726	19950606 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1991-793077 A 19911115

US 1992-973676 B1 19921109

US 1993-1697 A3 19930107

AB Amide derivs. of acids are prepared from haloamines and acid halides by contacting the the haloamine with the acid halide at -20 to 120° for 10 min to 10 h to produce the amide and a halogen byproduct. Melamine derived amides are prepared by reaction of trichloro and hexachloromelamines with chloroformates and acid chlorides. The byproduct Cl may be recycled in this process. Amides, carbamates, sulfonamides, phosphoramides, and related amide derivs. may be prepared by the process.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 25 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:671206 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:271206

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:48540h,48541a

TITLE: Process for preparing amide derivatives (melamine carbamates) from haloamines and acid halides

INVENTOR(S): Gupta, Ram B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA

SOURCE: Can. Pat. Appl., 94 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

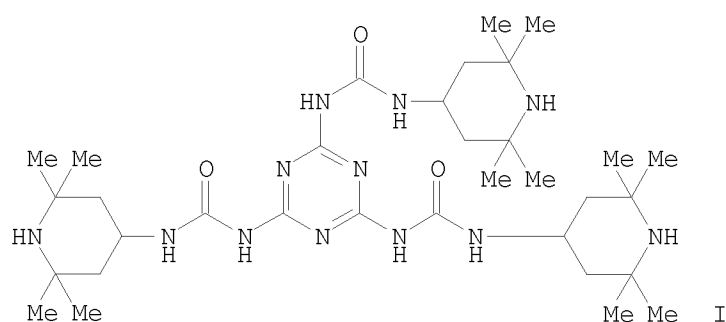
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CA 2082880	A1	19930516	CA 1992-2082880	19921113 <--
US 5288865	A	19940222	US 1992-968871	19921030 <--
US 5496944	A	19960305	US 1995-469720	19950606 <--
US 6107369	A	20000822	US 1995-469726	19950606 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-793077	A 19911115
			US 1992-968871	A 19921030
			US 1992-973676	B1 19921109
			US 1993-1697	A3 19930107
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 119:271206; MARPAT 119:271206	
GI				



AB The title process comprises the treatment of a (haloamino)triazine with an acid halide to give the title compds.; said (haloamino)triazine derivs. are selected from 2,4,6-triazinetriamine derivs. (melamine derivs.) or 2,4-triazinediamine derivs. (guanamine derivs.). A melamine carbamate derivative, N,N',N"-tris(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-2,4,6-triazinetriamine, I was claimed. Melamine carbamates, sulfonamides, phosphoramides, etc. thus prepared are useful in the manufacture of crosslinking agents (no data). The acylation of N,N',N"-trihalomelamines with acyl halides was catalyzed by quaternary ammonium halides.

L3 ANSWER 26 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:55101 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:55101
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 116:9443a,9446a
 TITLE: Threshold colorimetric assay system and device
 INVENTOR(S): Palmer, John L.; Timmerman, Marsha W.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Enzymatics, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 942,414.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5036000	A	19910730	US 1987-75817	19870720 <--
US 5032506	A	19910716	US 1986-942414	19861216 <--
EP 279988	A1	19880831	EP 1987-310819	19871209 <--
EP 279988	B1	19910424		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
 AT 62935 T 19910515 AT 1987-310819 19871209 <--
 WO 8804694 A1 19880630 WO 1987-US3335 19871215 <--
 W: BR, DK, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, SU
 JP 02501797 T 19900621 JP 1988-500730 19871215 <--
 CA 1312539 C 19930112 CA 1987-554476 19871216 <--
 NO 8803586 A 19881012 NO 1988-3586 19880812 <--
 DK 8804592 A 19880816 DK 1988-4592 19880816 <--
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
 US 1986-942414 A2 19861216
 US 1986-972414 A 19861216
 US 1987-75817 A 19870720
 EP 1987-310819 A 19871209
 WO 1987-US3335 W 19871215

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A system and device are provided for quant. colorimetric anal. of biol. fluids or organic compds., including NAD(P)H, or a substrate of an enzyme which reacts with the formation or consumption of NAD(P)H. Concns. of organic substrates, e.g. alc., cholesterol, or uric acid, in a biol. fluid, e.g. saliva, blood, or urine may be determined. The system gives a digital reading of the organic material; the concentration of NAD(P)H is determined by a color change or color signal when the NAD(P)H is above a threshold concentration and by the absence of a color signal when the concentration of NAD(P)H is below the threshold concentration. The system includes a chromogen, an electron-accepting reactant which, until exhausted, prevents a visible color change due to accumulation of reduced chromogen, and a catalyst. The system is capable of measuring colorimetrically without dilute concns. of organic compds. in biol. fluids which previously could not be measured in such concentration. The concentration of virtually any compound which is a substrate for a NAD(P)-linked dehydrogenase system can be determined. A device for performing the assay is also described. Thus, a reaction mixture containing Tris buffer (pH 9) 100, NAD 21, MTT chromogen 1, meldola blue 1.25, PdCl₂ 0.1, K₃Fe(CN)₆ 40 mM, and alc. dehydrogenase 100 IU was treated with various concns. of alc. The reaction was light grey when 18 mM alc. was added and dark blue when 22 mM alc. was added.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (12 CITINGS)
 REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 27 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:442831 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:42831
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 113:7277a,7280a
 TITLE: A disinfecting or bleaching tissue containing chlorine bleach
 INVENTOR(S): Fellows, Adrian Neville
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fibre Treatments (Holding) Ltd., UK
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9002166	A1	19900308	WO 1989-GB932	19890814 <--
W: AU, JP, US				

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE
 AU 8940673 A 19900323 AU 1989-40673 19890814 <--
 EP 431002 A1 19910612 EP 1989-909416 19890814 <--
 EP 431002 B1 19940302
 R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
 JP 04501125 T 19920227 JP 1989-508863 19890814 <--
 JP 2633046 B2 19970723
 CA 1337390 C 19951024 CA 1989-608245 19890814 <--
 ZA 8906290 A 19900530 ZA 1989-6290 19890817 <--
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1988-19969 A 19880823
 WO 1989-GB932 A 19890814

AB The title tissue, useful for disinfecting hard surfaces, instruments, skin, etc., or for inclusion in a washing process for disinfection or bleaching, is prepared by bonding 2 substrate layers together with a polymeric adhesive (e.g., EVA hot-melt adhesive) which contains particles of Cl bleach, especially Na dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate, and releases Cl when dampened with water.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)
 REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:173089 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:173089
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 110:28709a,28712a
 TITLE: Process for the preparation of 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-oxopiperidine
 INVENTOR(S): Kruse, Walter M.; Stephen, John F.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ICI Americas, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 3 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4734502	A	19880329	US 1986-944835	19861222 <--
EP 325014	A1	19890726	EP 1988-300460	19880120 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 01203362	A	19890816	JP 1988-28641	19880209 <--
JP 2539876	B2	19961002		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1986-944835 19861222

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 110:173089

AB The title compound (I) is prepared by an improved process directly from Me2CO and NH3 in presence of such catalysts as haloamides, β -halo esters, etc. at 5-70°. 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin and Me2CO followed by NH3 were heated overnight at 56° to give I in 84.2% yield.

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:611529 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:211529
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 111:35011a,35014a
 TITLE: Methods and devices for organic analyte determination by colorimetric determination of threshold NAD(P)H

INVENTOR(S): concentration
 Palmer, John L.; Timmerman, Marsha W.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Enzymatics, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 38 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 279988	A1	19880831	EP 1987-310819	19871209 <--
EP 279988	B1	19910424		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
US 5032506	A	19910716	US 1986-942414	19861216 <--
US 5036000	A	19910730	US 1987-75817	19870720 <--
AT 62935	T	19910515	AT 1987-310819	19871209 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1986-942414	A 19861216
			US 1987-75817	A 19870720
			EP 1987-310819	A 19871209

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A system for the quant. colorimetric anal. of NAD(P)H and biol. fluids and organic compds. that generate NAD(P)H when reacted with a specific dehydrogenase is described. An NAD(P)H-dependent chromogen reduction occurs, which results in a visible color change. A known quantity of a competing reactant for the NAD(P)H is used, which prevents the chromogen from reacting and changing color until the reactant is consumed, the quantity of which corresponds to the threshold concentration of the NAD(P)H or the compound reacting to generate NAD(P)H. Disposable devices and methods of use are also described. For EtOH determination in saliva, 100 µL saliva was mixed with 100 µL of a solution containing lipoic acid 200, KH₂PO₄ 80, K₂HPO₄ 120, NAD 100, INT 2 mM, PEG 1000 2%, bovine serum albumin 3 mg, alc. dehydrogenase 100, diaphorase 80 IU/mL and allowed to react for 5 min. Absorbance was read at 510 nm directly or after dilution in 50% DMF. The curve from the reaction yields a straight line at concns. of 0-75 mM EtOH.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (13 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:59960 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:59960
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 110:9907a,9910a
 TITLE: Fabric washing and disinfecting powder, especially for use at low temperatures
 INVENTOR(S): Borowicki, Jerzy Krzysztof; Wogtman, Wanda; Bukowski, Kazimierz Stanislaw; Wojcik, Elzbieta
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Instytut Chemii Przemyslowej, Pol.
 SOURCE: Pol., 7 pp.
 CODEN: POXXA7
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Polish
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PL 132124	B1	19850228	PL 1981-229358	19810123 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			PL 1981-229358	19810123
AB Powdered laundry detergents having antibacterial activity contain anionic				

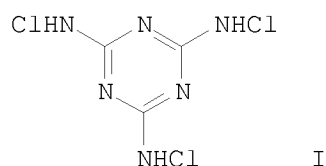
surfactants, alkali metal or amine salts of mono- and diesters of H₃PO₄, ethoxylated fatty alcs., Na₅SO₁₀, NaHCO₃, and active Cl-containing compds. such as hexachloromelamine (I), 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin, trichloroisocyanuric acid, or Na dichloroisocyanurate. A detergent contained 3:1 Na alkyl sulfate-Na dodecylbenzenesulfonate mixture 16.32, 2:3 ethoxylated lauryl alc.-ethanolamine mono- and diesters of H₃PO₄ 1.57, silicone oil 0.48, Na₅P₃O₁₀ 33.6, Na₂SiO₃ 7.68, NaHCO₃ 29.18, CM-cellulose 2.42, and I 5.76%, the balance being water.

L3 ANSWER 31 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:56127 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:56127
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 108:9381a,9384a
TITLE: Process for preparing trichloromelamine
INVENTOR(S): Corso, Giampietro; Busati, Vaifro; Dall, Acqua Dino;
Talamini, Gianpietro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Montedipe S.p.A., Italy
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 4 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 239121	A1	19870930	EP 1987-104585	19870327 <--
EP 239121	B1	19901128		
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, NL				
JP 62230774	A	19871009	JP 1987-68158	19870324 <--
JP 06088985	B	19941109		
US 4727141	A	19880223	US 1987-30673	19870325 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IT 1986-19943	A 19860328

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT
GI



AB The title compound (I) was prepared by chlorination of melamine to give hexachloromelamine, a solution of which was brought in contact with melamine in the presence of an activator to give I. CCl₄ may be used as the solvent and H₂O, acids, or a 1-10:1 molar ratio of H₂O:HOAC can be used as the activator. Thus, Cl₂ was bubbled into melamine in H₂O for 30 min at 20° and then CCl₄ was added. After removal of the H₂O layer, melamine was added and the mixture was refluxed for 6 h with addition of H₂O to give 80% I.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 32 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:535436 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:135436

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 105:21855a,21858a
 TITLE: Low-temperature bleaching with reduced amounts of chlorine requiring reduced bleaching intervals
 INVENTOR(S): Corte, George E.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Diversey Wyandotte Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4600406	A	19860715	US 1985-715183	19850322 <--
CA 1254354	A1	19890523	CA 1986-504096	19860314 <--
EP 195676	A2	19860924	EP 1986-302067	19860320 <--
EP 195676	A3	19880824		
EP 195676	B1	19920513		
R: AT, BE, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE				
AT 76129	T	19920515	AT 1986-302067	19860320 <--
AU 8654984	A	19860925	AU 1986-54984	19860321 <--
AU 585956	B2	19890629		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1985-715183 A 19850322
 EP 1986-302067 A 19860320

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Textiles are bleached in shorter times without loss of efficiency by adding 1-25 ppm Br- and 50-90 phr Cl- to the bleaching bath, adding bleaching agents with agitation, and agitating for 30-300 s. Thus, bleaching Empa 115 Bleach Cloth (reflectance 29.5) in a bath containing 0.06% detergent (containing 2.0% NaBr) and 100 ppm Cl at 120° F for 10 and 5 min increased reflectance by 51.5 and 34.0, resp., compared with 50.5 and 24, resp., without Br-.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 33 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:535297 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:135297
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 105:21835a,21838a
 TITLE: Dynamic vulcanization for manufacture of plastic elastomer compositions
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Montedison S.p.A., Italy
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61120841	A	19860607	JP 1985-252999	19851113 <--
JP 08030132	B	19960327		
EP 185913	A2	19860702	EP 1985-114541	19851115 <--
EP 185913	A3	19870408		

R: BE, DE, FR, GB, NL, SE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IT 1984-23583 A 19841115

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 105:135297

AB Blends of 10-70% polyolefins with 30-90% unsatd. elastomer terpolymers of

2 α -olefin monomers and 1 diene monomer are mixed with 0.5-15 parts (based on 100 parts elastomers) halogenated melamine, e.g., trichloromelamine, and masticated at temps. sufficient to melt partially the polyolefins and to crosslink partially the elastomers to prepare plastic elastomer compns.

L3 ANSWER 34 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:91447 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:91447
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 100:13791a,13794a
TITLE: Disinfecting with chlorine-containing biocide
dispensed from shaped polymeric body
INVENTOR(S): Theeuwes, Felix
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Alza Corp., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4418038	A	19831129	US 1981-317528	19811102 <--
US 4728498	A	19880301	US 1982-438049	19821101 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1981-317528	A3 19811102

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A device for dispensing a biocide containing Cl, useful for disinfecting an environment or an article of commerce, comprises a polymer containing a Cl-donating reagent and a Cl-accepting reagent that on their release from the polymer reacts in the presence of moisture to produce a chlorinous biocide. The dispensing device consists essentially of a body shaped, sized, and adapted for placement in an environment of use. The device has ≥ 1 surface for releasing its contents and can have any preselected geometric shape. The device can be made from commonly used (erodible) polymers. The Cl-donating compds. are such as N-chlorosuccinimide [128-09-6], N-chlorourea [3135-74-8], N-chloroacetylurea [4791-21-3], etc., and Cl-accepting reagents include NH_4Cl , $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$, sulfamic acid, EtNH_2 , morpholine, etc.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITINGS)
REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 35 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:223960 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:223960
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 98:33915a,33918a
TITLE: Acceleration of the U(IV)-U(VI) charge transfer
reaction with organic compounds
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JAXXAD
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 57052853	B	19821110	JP 1975-64039	19750530 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1975-64039	19750530

AB In effecting U-isotope enrichment, the U(IV)-U(VI) charge transfer reaction is accelerated by using an organic compound or its salt having a N or S atom possessing a free e pair, a dicarbonyl compound, a nitro compound, furan or its derivs., and/or a sulfonic acid or its salt.

L3 ANSWER 36 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:495915 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:95915
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 93:15399a,15402a
TITLE: Ring-opening polymerization of cycloolefins
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Synthetic Rubber Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
CODEN: JAXXAD
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
JP 55011691	B	19800327	JP 1971-68400	19710904 <--
JP 48034300	A	19730517	JP 1971-68400	19710904 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1971-68400	A 19710904

AB Al compds., W or Mo compds., and halides of N, S, or P are catalysts for ring-opening polymerization of cycloolefins. For example, 67 mmol cyclopentene in 167 mmol PhMe is stirred at -30° to -10° with (iso-Bu)₃Al [100-99-2] 1, WC16 0.2, and N,N',N''-trichloromelamine (I) [7673-09-8] 0.2 mmol for 3 h to give polymer [25103-85-9] in 79.5% yield, compared with 0 in the absence of I.

L3 ANSWER 37 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:414279 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:14279
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 81:2311a,2314a
TITLE: Nucleation of normally crystalline vinylidene chloride polymers
INVENTOR(S): Beck, Henry N.; Ledbetter, Harvey D.; Schmitt, John A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dow Chemical Co.
SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp. Division of U.S. 3,769,269.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
US 3793265	A	19740219	US 1973-353021	19730420 <--
US 3769269	A	19731030	US 1972-286172	19720905 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1972-286172	A3 19720905

AB A process for fabricating vinylidene chloride copolymer articles with improved crystallization rate consisted of adding 0.005-5 parts nucleating agent to the resin prior to fabrication. Thus, a mixture of 92:8 vinylidene chloride-vinyl chloride copolymer [9011-06-7] and 5,6-dichlorobenzimidazole (I) [6478-73-5] was heated in a differential scanning calorimeter at 20.deg./min to melt the composition, cooled at the same rate to give a crystallization temperature of 130.deg. as compared to 114 when no I was added. About 60 other nucleating agents were tested.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 38 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:71865 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:71865
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 80:11605a,11608a
TITLE: Grafting cycloolefines to ethylene-propylene rubbers
INVENTOR(S): Kuwabara, Yutaka; Tagata, Nobuo; Iwama, Masamichi;
Naito, Yuji; Kotani, Teizo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Synthetic Rubber Co., Ltd.
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
JP 48056779	A	19730809	JP 1971-93847	19711122 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1971-93847	A 19711122

AB Ethylene-propene rubbers containing ethylidenenorbornene, dicyclopentadiene, cyclooctadiene, or 1,4-hexadiene as the third components were mixed with alkyl or halogenated Al, halogenated W or Mo, and compds. containing NX, NNO, OX, ONO, SX, PX2, PX, C(O)X, P(O)X, S(O)X, C(S)X, etc. (X = halogen) and grafted with C4-12 cycloolefins to give diene rubbers with improved curability. Thus, 50 ml of a 2% toluene solution of ethylene-ethylidenenorbornene-propene rubber was mixed at -50.deg. with dichloroethylaluminum [563-43-9] 0.5, molybdenum hexachloride [13706-19-9] 0.5, trichloromelamine [12379-38-3] 0.5 mmole and 1 ml cyclopentene and reacted 1 hr at -30.deg. and 10.deg. to give 92% grafted products.

L3 ANSWER 39 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:71866 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:71866
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 80:11605a,11608a
TITLE: Reacting cycloolefin ring-opened polymers with ethylene-propylene rubbers
INVENTOR(S): Kuwabara, Yutaka; Tagata, Nobuo; Kotani, Teizo; Naito, Yuji
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Synthetic Rubber Co., Ltd.
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
JP 48056778	A	19730809	JP 1971-93846	19711122 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1971-93846	A 19711122

AB Ethylene-propene-diene rubber solns. were mixed with alkyl Al or halogenated Al, halogenated W or Mo, and N, P, or S halides or compds. containing NNO or ONO to form an adduct with ring-opened polymers for improved S-curing velocity. Thus, 10 ml of 25% PhMe solution of 1,5-polypentenamerxy [28730-07-6] (mol. weight 4000) and 25 ml of a 2% PhMe of EP83X (ethylene-propylene-dicyclopentadiene rubber) were mixed 2 hr at -20.deg. with tributylaluminum [1116-70-7], tungsten hexachloride [13283-01-7], and trichloromelamine [12379-38-3] to give a transparent flexible polymer with improve S-curing rate.

L3 ANSWER 40 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:467117 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:67117
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 79:10847a,10850a
 TITLE: Polymerization catalysts for cycloolefines
 INVENTOR(S): Kuwabara, Yutaka; Kotani, Teizo; Iwama, Masamichi;
 Naito, Yuji
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Synthetic Rubber Co., Ltd.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 48034300	A	19730517	JP 1971-68400	19710904 <--
JP 55011691	B	19800327	JP 1971-68400	19710904 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1971-68400 A 19710904
 AB A tricomponent catalyst containing alkyl Al, haloalkyl Al or Al halide, W or Mo halide and trichloromelamine (I) [7673-09-8], N-bromosuccinimide [128-08-5], 2,4-dinitrophenylsulfenyl chloride [528-76-7], N-chlorosuccinimide [128-09-6], or phenylphosphine dichloride [644-97-3] was used to polymerize cycloolefins. Thus, cyclopentene [142-29-0] 67, PhMe 167, AlBu₃ 1, WC16 0.2 and I 0.2 mmole were mixed 3 hr at -30.deg. to -10.deg. to give 79.5% polymer with .sim.80% trans configuration.

L3 ANSWER 41 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:38094 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:38094
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 80:6257a,6260a
 TITLE: Process for improving the strength of an unvulcanized rubber compositions
 INVENTOR(S): Shimizu, Kohzo; Nukii, Tatsuo; Numayasu, Isamu;
 Hirano, Nobuo
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kawaguchi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JAXXAD
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 47051810	B4	19721226	JP 1969-47904	19690619 <--

AB The tensile stress of butadiene rubber compns. was improved by addition of a nitrosophenol compound and tetrachlorobenzoquinone (I) [118-75-2], p-benzoquinone-N-chloroimide (II) [637-61-6], bis(trichloromethyl) sulfone (III) [3064-70-8], or trichloromelamine (IV) [12379-38-3]. Thus, BRO I 100, HAF black 50, ZnO 5, stearic acid 2, S 1.5, and Accel NS 1 part were mixed with 4-nitrosophenol (V) [104-91-6] 0.2 and I 0.2, II 0.2 and V 0.2, III 0.2 and V 0.2, or IV 0.2 and V 0.2 phr to give butadiene rubber with 300% tensile stress of 110, 115, 108, and 103 kg/cm², resp., after 20 min vulcanization compared with 62, 108, 106, 87, and 100 for I, II, III, IV, and V, resp., when each was used alone at 0.4 phr.

L3 ANSWER 42 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:34562 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 74:34562
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 74:5541a,5544a

TITLE: Water-reactive solid deodorizing compositions
containing available halogen, an effervescent couple,
and solid polyolefin
INVENTOR(S): Hanford, William E.; Newman, Benjamin
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olin Corp.
SOURCE: Brit., 8 pp. Addn. to Brit. 1,126,108
CODEN: BRXXAA
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 1208804		19701014	GB 1968-43252	19680911 <--

AB Deodorizing compns. are prepared which float in water and react with water (e.g., in water closets or bed-pans) to generate a halogenous deodorizing gas into the water and the air above the water. To prepare the deodorants, a mixture of NaHCO₃ 628, Microcel E 72.5, powdered NaCl 198, powdered polyethylene 1450, powdered silica 169, a mixture of CM-cellulose and hydroxymethyl cellulose 217, Na stearate 217, and Li stearate 48 parts is mixed with citric acid (e.g., 10%) and a source of chlorine or bromine, such as LiOCl (e.g., 20%), Ca(OC1)₂, Na di-chloroisocyanurate, or N-bromosuccinimide and compressed into tablets. The NaHCO₃ and citric acid generate CO₂ gas in contact with water and deliver the halogenous gas to the air space above the water.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 43 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:43418 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:43418
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 70:8149a,8152a
TITLE: Electric current generating cell
INVENTOR(S): Methlie, George J., II
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Honeywell Inc.
SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3415687	A	19681210	US 1966-538209	19660329 <--
BE 696177	A	19670901	BE 1967-696177	19670328 <--
SE 314723	B	19690915	SE 1967-4228	19670328 <--
NL 6704488	A	19671002	NL 1967-4488	19670329 <--
GB 1152530	A	19690521	GB 1967-1152530	19670329 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1966-538209 A 19660329

AB An elec. current generating cell is composed of a Li anode, a depolarizing cathode having a potential 2 v. less than Li, a porous separator, and electrolyte (elec. conductivity >10⁻³ ohms-1 cm.⁻¹) consisting of 0.1-5 mole % MX₄-, MX₆3-, and M'F₆- (M = B, Al, In, M' = P, Sb, As, and X = halogen) in MeOAc containing <0.5 mole % MeOH, AcOH, and H₂O total with <500 ppm. H₂O. Thus, a sandwich-type assembly composed of Li ribbon pressed into an expanded Ni screen support as anode, a porous nonwoven sheet (20-mils thick) of nylon fibers bonded with polyacrylonitrile-butadiene copolymer separator, and a cathode prepared by pressing a paste composed of 1 g. Bi₂O₃ and 0.25 g. air-floated graphite in MeOAc into an expanded Ag screen is

placed in a polyethylene bag and activated by injection of 8 cc. 2M LiBF₄ in MeOAc. At a load of 5000 ohms, the voltage was 3.24 v. and the c.d. 0.04 ma./cm.², and at 1 ohm load, these were 0.50 v. and 34.4 ma./cm.² The open circuit voltage was 3.38 v.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(6 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 44 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:44779 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:44779
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:7981b-c
TITLE: Stabilization of rubber mixes
INVENTOR(S): Grinberg, A. A.; Potashnik, A. A.
SOURCE From: Byul. Izobret. i Tovarnykh Znakov 1964 (22), 128..
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
SU 148511		19641119	SU	19610922 <--
AB		A rubber mix is stabilized by applying anti-scorching agents, e.g. trichloroiminoisocyanuric acid, in an amount of 0.01-1.0 part by weight The latter is introduced in a mixture with organic sulfates.		

L3 ANSWER 45 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:423277 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:23277
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 57:4686h-i
TITLE: Purification of commercial N,N',N''-trichloromelamine
INVENTOR(S): Lorenz, Walter
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Purex Corp., Ltd.
SOURCE: 2 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
DE 1117132		19611116	DE	19561210 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE	19561210
AB		The title compound (I) (5 g.) containing 92.1% Cl was added to 25 cc. cold 96-100% H ₂ SO ₄ , the solution cooled in an ice bath, poured on 100 g. ice, the crystals filtered off at 0-5°, washed with ice-H ₂ O, and dried (CaCl ₂) to give I containing 98% Cl.		

L3 ANSWER 46 OF 46 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1958:77535 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 52:77535
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 52:13808b-e
TITLE: Purification of trichlorocyanuric acid
INVENTOR(S): Lorenz, Walter K.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Purex Corp., Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----

US 2828308 19580325 US 1955-533512 19550909 <--
DE 1083271 DE

AB Com. (impure) chlorinated heterocyclic N compds. can be readily purified from degrading impurities so that they can be maintained in stable condition. Such compds. are characterized as having a single heterocyclic ring containing not less than 5 nor more than 6 members. N,N',N''-Trichloromelamine, N,N'-dichloroammelene, N-chloroammelide, trichloroisocyanuric acid, 1,3-dichlorohydrouacil, dichloroisocyanuric acid, monochloroisocyanuric acid, N,N-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin, and N,N-dichloro-5-methylhydantoin are examples of such compds. In carrying out the invention, the com. material to be purified is mixed with cold concentrated H2SO4 (96-100%) below 15° at (0-10°). The impurities undissolved are separated by filtration or decantation. The pure product is precipitated by diluting the acid by about 50% by pouring into ice water, the temperature remaining at 0-10°. The crystalline substantially pure product ppts. For a quant. yield, dilution is carried to 75% acid strength. Com. trichlorocyanuric acid (Cl content 82-89%) is dissolved in cold (5°) H2SO4 (96-100%). The acid solution is decanted from the salt-containing sludge. The clear acid solution is poured into an equal volume of ice water and the precipitated crystalline trichlorocyanuric acid is separated by a ceramic filter. The crystals are washed with ice water until the filtrate tests neg. for sulfate ion. The crystals, dried at 105°, assay 92% Cl and are stable.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

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ENTRY	SESSION
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
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FULL ESTIMATED COST	15.49	177.66
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L9 10 L1 OR L8

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L10 9 DUP REM L9 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

=> s l10 and pd<20010720
2 FILES SEARCHED...
L11 2 L10 AND PD<20010720

=> d l11 1-2 ibib abs

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 2 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2010 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:151982 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV197661051982; BA61:51982
TITLE: RABBIT OVARIAN FOLLICLES PART 1 ISOLATION TECHNIQUE AND
CHARACTERIZATION AT DIFFERENT STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT.
AUTHOR(S): NICOSIA S V; EVANGELISTA I; BATT A S K
SOURCE: Biology of Reproduction, (1975) Vol. 13, No. 4,
pp. 423-447.
CODEN: BIREBV. ISSN: 0006-3363.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
FILE SEGMENT: BA
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2010 The Thomson Corporation on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1961:81598 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV19613600081610; BA36:81610

TITLE: The chemical sanitation of beer glasses.
AUTHOR(S): VAN ENGEL, E. L.; BOYER, A. E.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
SOURCE: AMER JOUR PUBL HEALTH, (1961) Vol. 51, No. 8, pp.
1199-1204.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Article
FILE SEGMENT: BA
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: May 2007
Last Updated on STN: May 2007

AB A series of field tests were made comparing the beer glass sanitizing effect of trichloro-melamine, chloramine T, a quaternary ammonium compound, and hypo-chlorite. When used alone, trichloromelamine and chloramine T are not satisfactory as beer glass sanitizers, particularly if a 2 compartment sink is being used. In general, better results were obtained when a 3 compartment sink was used. Quaternary ammonium compounds are not ideal beer glass sanitizing agents since they may have an adverse effect on beer foam retention. The most effective sanitizer tested was hypochlorite, which also has a disadvantage in that it leaves an objectionable chlorine odor on the beer glass. The major source of general beer glass contamination was the equipment for washing the beer glass. Therefore, by using a detergent sanitizer in the 1st tank of the glass washing sinks, as well as a sanitizer in the last tank, much more satisfactory sanitizing results can be obtained, and the subsequent possibility of carrying pathogens through the solution is greatly reduced.
ABSTRACT AUTHORS: Authors

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:48:03 ON 01 MAR 2010)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:48:16 ON 01 MAR 2010

L1 1 S TRICHLOROMELAMINE

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:48:33 ON 01 MAR 2010

L2 46 S L1 AND AD<20010720

L3 46 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L4 46 S L3

L5 0 S L3 AND POULTRY

L6 0 S L5 AND DARKLING

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:50:00 ON 01 MAR 2010

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:50:09 ON 01 MAR 2010

SET SMARTSELECT ON

L7 SEL L1 1- CHEM : 4 TERMS

SET SMARTSELECT OFF

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:50:09 ON 01 MAR 2010

L8 10 S L7

L9 10 S L1 OR L8

L10 9 DUP REM L9 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

L11 2 S L10 AND PD<20010720

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	8.04	185.70
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-39.10

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 14:51:40 ON 01 MAR 2010